

# **Surrogate Decision-Making Committee An Overview**

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Presentation for Nursing Home Industry
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# Overview



# **SDMC Objective**

- Decision-making for non-emergency major medical and end-of-life care
- On behalf of qualifying people who:
  - Lack the capacity to make their own medical decisions, and
  - Have no legally authorized decision-maker
- Alternative to the court system



### **Benefits of SDMC**

Free

Timely

Inclusive

Respects Legal Rights

Protects Autonomy



### Major Medical Requests (MHL Article 80)

Medical, surgical, dental, or diagnostic interventions/procedures

- Use of general anesthesia
- Significant invasion of bodily integrity
- Significant risk
- Chemotherapy
- Hospice
- Any other treatment/procedure for which informed consent required by law

### **Exclusions to SDMC Services**

- Routine diagnostics / treatment / medication administration
- Dental care performed under a local anesthetic
- Emergency medical treatment
- Electroconvulsive Treatment (ECT)
- Sterilization or termination of pregnancy
- Withdrawal or discontinuation of life-sustaining treatment except as provided in the Health Care Decisions Act



# **End of Life Care Requests**

(SCPL Article 17-A § 1750-b)

Withdrawal or withholding of life sustaining treatment for persons with an intellectual or developmental disability

- Do Not Resuscitate (DNR) / Do Not Intubate (DNI) Order
- Restrictions on Artificial nutrition and hydration
- Use of antibiotics, vasopressors, chemotherapy, blood transfusions
- Comfort care with Hospice services
- Any other treatment the physician deems life-sustaining



# Lack of Ability to Consent to, or Refuse, Treatment

A person lacks the ability to consent or refuse major medical treatment if they cannot:

- Understand the proposed medical treatment
- Understand the risks, benefits and alternatives
- Make an informed decision about the proposed treatment in a knowing and voluntary manner



# **Legally Authorized Surrogate**

Person who is legally-authorized to make the decision and is available and willing to do so

Authorized Surrogates in MHL Article 80:

- ✓ Parent
- √ Spouse
- ✓ Adult child
- ✓ Court of Competent Jurisdiction



### **OPWDD Legally Authorized Surrogates**

- 1. Lawfully empowered Guardian/ Health Care Proxy
- 2. Actively Involved Spouse
- 3. Actively Involved Parent
- 4. Actively Involved Adult Child
- 5. Actively Involved Adult Sibling
- 6. Actively Involved Adult Family Member
- 7. Consumer Advisory Board for Willowbrook Class Individuals or SDMC

<b>Eligibility for SDMC Decisions</b>	
Major Medical Care	
Any current or former service recipient at	A diagnosis of
nrogram licensed funded or operated	Disability and

a program licensed, funded or operated by: Office for People with Developmental

Office of Mental Health (OMH)

Disabilities (OPWDD)

Office of Addiction Services & Supports (OASAS)

f Intellectual/ Developmental Disability and An illness or injury from which there is

no recovery and which reasonably will

**End of Life Care** 

- cause death within 1 year;
- permanent unconsciousness; or
- ongoing medical condition with a requirement of life-sustaining care that will cause an extraordinary burden.

# **SDMC Continuing Jurisdiction**

John Doe

SDMC Form 275 (Rev. 06/19)

2024030000 Declaration No. (SDMC Use Only)

#### IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

#### SDMC CONTINUING JURISDICTION

Please be advised that Mental Hygiene Law Section 80.03(b) provides that the Surrogate Decision-Making Committee may continue to provide surrogate decision-making to the patient, if needed, pursuant to Mental Hygiene Law Article 80 regardless of a discharge or change in residential status.

You may wish to make a copy of this notice available to any other receiving facility should this patient be discharged to such an alternate facility or the community in the future. If you have any questions concerning this notice or future applications on behalf of this patient, please contact the Surrogate Decision-Making Committee Program at (518) 549-0328.

DO NOT PURGE -- -- DO NOT PURGE



# **Application Process**



Advocacy & Support

Providers & Staff

Prevent Abuse

Pressroom

About

Report suspected abuse or neglect: 1-855-373-2122

Questions? Call 1-800-624-4143

< Advocacy & Support

# Surrogate Decision-Making Committee Services

**SECTIONS** 

What is SDMC?

Who is Eligible?

SDMC Panels and Hearings

Apply for a Major Medical Care Determination

#### What is SDMC?

The Surrogate Decision-Making Committee (SDMC) program is an alternative to the court system and is authorized to provide consent for non-emergency major medical treatment and end-of-life care decisions for people who qualify. Our program consists of volunteer panels that make the decision, providing for quicker, more accessible, cost-free, and personalized decision on behalf of individuals receiving services.

If you would like to learn more about the medical decisions that are covered under SDMC, eligibility criteria, and which forms to complete when requesting a decision, please review the SDMC Services Video.

What decisions can be made?

### **Declarant**

- The person who submits the declaration
- May be any health services provider, the director of the person's residential facility, a relative, etc.
- Someone who is familiar with the person's
  - √ Abilities
  - √ Family status
  - ✓ Medical needs



### **Declaration Forms for Major Medical Treatment**

**Declaration for Surrogate Decision-Making (SDMC Form 200)** 

Completed by the Declarant\*

**Certification on Capacity (SDMC Form 210)** 

Completed by the Licensed Psychologist or Psychiatrist

**Certification of Medical Need (SDMC Form 220-A)** 

Completed by the Physician

**Related Medical Information (SDMC Form 220-B)** 

### **Declaration Forms for End of Life Care**

### **Declaration for End of Life Care (SDMC Form 300)**

Completed by the Declarant\*

### **Certification on Capacity for EOL Care (SDMC Form 310)**

Completed by the Attending Physician and the Consulting Physician, or a NYS Licensed Psychologist

#### **Attending and Concurring Certification - EOL Care (SDMC Form 320-AB)**

Completed by the Attending and Concurring Physician

**Related Medical Information for EOL Care (SDMC Form 330)** 

### Capacity Certification for End of Life Care

Attending Physician and a Consulting Physician or NYS-licensed psychologist must certify that the person does not have the capacity to make this decision.

One of these practitioners must be

- Employed by a Developmental Disability Services Office; or
- Have been employed for a minimum of 2 years to render care and services in a program run by OPWDD; or
- Been approved by the Commissioner of OPWDD

# Attending and Concurring Physician Certification for End of Life Care

### Two physicians must certify that the person has:

- A terminal condition; or
- Permanent unconsciousness; or
- Requires life-sustaining treatment, is irreversible, and will continue indefinitely.

SCPA 1750-b(4)(b)



# Physicians Certify the Extraordinary Burden of Continued Life Sustaining Treatment

### By considering:

- The person's medical condition other than ID/DD
- The impact of the LST on the person's quality of life
- The degree of pain the person may experience with or without treatment; and
- The person's chance of recovery as well as the risks and benefits associated with continued treatment



# Artificial Nutrition and Hydration are Considered Separately

To withdraw or withhold artificially provided nutrition or hydration, two physicians must also agree there is:

No reasonable hope of maintaining life

OR

 The artificially provided nutrition and/or hydration poses an extraordinary burden

### **Comfort Care**

- Medical care and treatment provided to relieve pain and reduce suffering
- Does not include further withholding or withdrawal of life sustaining treatment beyond what is explicitly written in the SDMC consent

# **Case Processing**

- SDMC Nurse reviews the Declaration and requests clarification and/or additional information
- Responsiveness to this process ensures a hearing is scheduled as soon as possible

Justice Center for the Protection of People with Special Needs

### **SDMC Process**



# SDMC Hearing Process



# **Hearing**

- Person needing consent must attend
- Held by video conference or in a convenient location for the person
- Requires private location
- Testimony is provided by care providers
- Hearing is recorded
- Decision issued at hearing



# **Hearing Participants**

Declarant, Nurse, Providers

Person

Four Panel Members

Mental Hygiene Legal Services (MHLS)

Local SDMC Representative Any Surrogates and Correspondents



### **Three Decisions**

### 1. Capacity

 Does this person have the capacity to understand the risks, benefits, and alternatives to this medical procedure?

### 2. Legally Authorized Surrogate

• Is there a legally authorized, willing, and available surrogate who can make this decision?

#### 3. Best Interests

Is this procedure in the best interests of this person?

### The SDMC Panel

# Panel relies on the Declaration, as well as hearing testimony on each consideration. Panel members

- Will interview the person in need of a decision
- Will ask for
  - Information about any potential surrogates
  - a description of the requested procedure/treatment,
  - risks/benefits
  - potential impact on person's quality of life



# **Major Medical Consent**

- Valid for 60 365 days
- Not issued to a specific health care provider
- Additional consents are not required
- Not specific to the type of anesthesia
- Clause allowing a physician to move forward with related procedures

### **SDMC Decision for End of Life Care**

- Decision is issued in writing
- The decision-maker is identified as SDMC
- No expiration date
- Consent remains in effect as long as the person continues to meet the criteria for capacity and qualifying medical condition

# Medical Orders for Life Sustaining Treatment (MOLST) Checklist

- MOLST Checklist for People with IDD must be completed when any decision is made to withdraw or withhold Life-Sustaining Treatment
- MOLST Checklist ensures that the HCDA process was followed and notifications are complete
- SDMC Decision should be attached to the MOLST Checklist

### **MOLST Form**

- Recommended, not required
- Completed after SDMC process
- Must match SDMC consent
- Some decisions on the MOLST may be deferred (ex: artificial nutrition and hydration)
- No option to implement a trial period



# Summary

- Call SDMC if you have any questions about eligibility, the forms, consent, or related procedures
- Participation in the preparation of the SDMC
   Declaration and Case Processing are essential
- Providers should be prepared to offer convincing testimony at the hearing

# **Questions?**

### **Contact Information**

SDMC Phone 1-518-549-0328

SDMC Fax 1-518-549-0460

Provider Questions <u>SDMC@justicecenter.ny.gov</u>

Volunteer Questions <u>SDMCVolunteers@justicecenter.ny.gov</u>

Report Abuse or Neglect 1-855-373-2122

http://www.justicecenter.ny.gov/sdmc

