# RESIDENTIAL HEALTH CARE FACILITY NEW YORK STATE ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING MANUAL

### CHAPTER 2

### CHART OF ACCOUNTS AND DESCRIPTIONS

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### A. INTRODUCTION

A Chart of Accounts is a listing of account titles, with numerical symbols, for the assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenses of an enterprise. It provides the structure for the accumulation of financial data in a form as useful as possible to management.

The Chart of Accounts presented in this chapter serves two purposes.

Taken in its entirety, the Chart provides a model for account coding and a fairly exhaustive list of accounts to serve as a guide for the recording of financial transactions. The Chart's second purpose is to provide a system for aggregating accounting information for the purposes of the Uniform Report mandated in this Manual.

The Report requires that financial data be reported in a uniform manner. To meet this end, the nature and content of each reporting center has been uniformly defined for all homes (see Chapter 4). To aid in the preparation of the Report, the major account classifications which must be maintained to provide the level of detail needed for reporting have been indicated with an asterisk in the chart outline (beginning on page 2200). The Chart also contains a substantial number of subsidiary accounts to provide sufficient detail to accommodate the needs and complexities of institutions throughout the state.

#### INTRODUCTION (cont'd)

It is important to emphasize that the Chart of Accounts contained in s Manual is <u>not</u> mandated. However, if a home chooses not to use the gested Chart of Accounts, it must maintain, through a "crosswalk," the ormation required to provide the mandated level of detail. The "crosswalk" ween the home's Chart of Accounts and the mandated level of detail must be sidered a permanent part of the home's records and must contain sufficient it trails to demonstrate the reliability of its information.

The Chart also provides various subcodings for patient service revenue, iuctions from revenue and expenses. For patient service revenues in a facility at records patient charges on a fee-for-service basis, such charges must be point of dispersion descriptions (see ge 4300 and following). Where a facility records patient charges on an all-clusive or flat-rate basis, such charges would all be reported as routine tient service revenue. Regardless of a facility's charge structure, a patient revice category coding is mandated, while financial classification and accommodation codings are optional. For deductions from revenue, a patient service category and financial classification are mandated. For expenses, the natural lassifications (see page 2400 and following) are a mandated minimum level of etail. The actual numerical coding of any account or subcoding is, of course, ptional. It should be noted that the Chart presented in the Manual describes nly the major fund classifications found in homes. Should a home have additional fund groups, there is sufficient flexibility in the Chart to accommodate these.

#### 3. ACCOUNT NUMBERING SYSTEM

#### Cading System

The overall numerical coding system described in this Chart of Accounts provides for the use of seven digits. In all instances the first four digits are reserved for specific classification. The last three digits may be totally or partially reserved depending on the major classification of the account (i.e., balance sheet account, patient revenue account, etc.).

It is important to recognize that the chart has been structured for use in the preparation of financial statements. In many instances subaccounts have been provided to accommodate the detail needs of various institutions. However, these subaccounts can be totalled to the zero level of the fourth digit for internal reporting ease. For example, relative to inventory the following subaccounts have been provided in the Chart:

Account #	<u>Description</u>
1111.00	Inventory - general stores
1112.00	Inventory - pharmacy
1113.00	Inventory - central supply
1114.00	Inventory - dietary
1115.00	Inventory - plant operation and maintenance
1119.00	Inventory - other

The Chart also provides for a general coding for inventory (1110.00). There-

#### ACCOUNT NUMBERING SYSTEM (Cont'd)

fore, if the institution wishes to account for inventory in the detail indicated above, it may do so and sub-total its inventory accounts to the zero evel in the fourth digit (1110.00). If, however, the institution wishes only to capture total inventory, all transactions may be recorded through the general inventory account (1110.00). While the Chart has been structured throughout (balance sheet, revenues and expenses) in this manner, the some must be cognizant of the level of detail required for reporting which may not be at the zero level of the fourth digit. Thus a careful review hould be performed before account consolidation.

The following subsections describe the reserved digits for each major ssification of account.

#### alance Sheet Accounts

The balance sheet coding reserves only the first four digits. The last hree digits are available for the optional use of the home. An explanation if the digits follows:

<u>First Digit</u> - indicates the asset or liability classification of the :count:

- 0 not used
- 1 Asset
- 2 Liability or Equity
- 3-9 not used

#### ACCOUNT NUMBERING SYSTEM (Cont'd)

Second Digit - indicates the fund classification of the account:

- 0-3 Unrestricted operating fund
  - 4 Unrestricted board-designated fund
- 5-6 Plant replacement and expansion fund
  - 7 Specific purpose fund
  - 8 Endowment fund
  - 9 Available for additional fund group

Third and Fourth Digits - indicates the primary subclassification of accounts which is explained in detail in Sections B and C of this chapter.

Fifth thru Seventh Digits - available for optional use.

#### Routine and Ancillary Service Revenues

The routine service revenue coding reserves all seven digits. As explanation of the digits follows:

<u>First Digit</u> - indicates that it is either a routine or an ancillary revenue account:

- 0-2 not used
  - 3 Routine service revenue
  - 4 Ancillary service revenue
- 5-9 not used

#### ACCOUNT NUMBERING SYSTEM (Cont'd)

Second thru Fourth Digits - indicates the primary subclassification of accounts which is explained in detail in Sections B and C of this chapter.

<u>Fifth Digit</u> - indicates the primary payor financial classification of accounts.

### Fifth Digit Financial Classification

- 0 Self Pay
- l Medicare Part A
- 2 ifedicare Part B
- 3 Medicaid
- 4-9 Other

#### Sixth Digit - indicates the patient service category.

### Sixth Digit Patient Service Category

- 0 Skilled Nursing Facility
- 1 Health Related Facility
- 2 Domiciliary Care Facility
- 3 Day Care
- 4 Outpatient Clinic
- 5 Home Health Services
- 6 Homemaker
- 7 Meals on Wheels
- 8 Intermediate Care Facility Mental Retardation
- 9 Independent Living

#### ACCOUNT NUMBERING SYSTEM (Cont'd)

Seventh Digit - indicates the accommodation of the patient:

- 0 Outpatient
- 1 1 Bed
- 2 2 Beds
- 3-9 Other

Thus, to exemplify, the account numbering for a room and board charge (or all-inclusive charge for flat rate nursing homes) to a medicaid skilled nursing facility patient in a private accommodation would be 3020301 as follows:

- 3 indicates routine service revenue
- 020 indicates the primary subclassification for a skilled nursing facility patient
  - 3 indicates the financial classification of medicaid
  - 0 indicates the patient service category of skilled nursing
  - 1 indicates the accommodation of 1 bed

Should the institution follow the policy of charging for each specific service provided a patient, the account numbering for a laboratory charge to a medicaid skilled nursing facility patient in a private accommodation would be 4210301 as follows:

- 4 indicates ancillary service revenue
- 210 indicates the primary subclassification for laboratory
  - 3 indicates the financial classification of medicaid
  - 0 indicates the patient service category of skilled nursing
  - 1 indicates the accommodation of 1 bed

#### ACCOUNT NUMBERING SYSTEM (Cont'd)

It is important to reiterate that while the Chart provides, as indicated in the above examples, for the accumulation of patient revenue by financial classification and accommodation this information is <u>not mandated</u> for reporting but available at the discretion of management.

### Other Operating Income and Deductions from Revenue

The other operating income coding reserves the first four digits only.

The deductions from revenue coding reserves the first six digits only. An explanation of the digits for both the operating income and the deductions from revenue is as follows:

<u>First Digit</u> - indicates that the account is either other operating revenue account or a deduction from revenue:

- 0-4 not used
  - 5 other operating income or deductions from revenue
- 6-9 not used

<u>Second thru Fourth Digits</u> - indicates the primary subclassification of accounts:

- 000-499 other operating revenue find explanation of specific accounts in Sections B and C of this chapter.
- 500-999 deductions from revenue find explanation of specific accounts in Sections B and C of this chapter.
- Fifth Digit indicates the financial classification of accounts for

#### ACCOUNT NUMBERING SYSTEM (cont'd)

deductions from revenue accounts only. The same explanation as that for the fifth digit under routine and ancillary service revenues is applicable. This digit is available for optional use for other operating income accounts.

Sixth Digit - indicates the patient service category of the patient.

The same explanation as that for the sixth digit under routine and ancillary service revenues is applicable.

Seventh Digit - is optional.

### Patient Service and Other Operating Expenses

The patient service and other operating expense coding reserves the first six digits. An explanation of the digits follows:

<u>First Digit</u> - indicates that it is either a patient service or another operating expense account:

- 0-5 not used
- 6-7 patient service expenses
  - 8 other operating expenses
  - 9 not used

Second thru Fourth Digit - indicates the primary subclassification of accounts which is explained in detail in Sections B and C of this chapter.

Fifth and Sixth Digits - indicates the natural classification of expenses:

### ACCOUNT NUMBERING SYSTEM (cont'd)

### Salaries and Wages

	Management and supervision	. 29		
.02		7.0	services	
	nonphysician medical prac-		Legal services	
0.7	titioners		Auditing services	
	Registered nurses		Registered nurses	
	Licensed practical nurses		Licensed practical nurses	ł
.05	Aides, orderlies and assistants		Private duty nurses fees	۱
.06	employees	.37	Other fees	١
.07	Environment, hotel and food			
	services employees		Supplies and Materials	
.08	Physicians			
.09	Interns, residents and fellows	.38	Disposable Linens	ı
		.44		Į
		.45	Medicine Cabinet Drugs	į
	Employee Benefits	.49	Other medical care materials and	
			supplies	
.15	Employee Uniform Allowance	.50	Dietary - Food	١
	F.I.C.A.	.51	Dietary - Other	
.17	State unemployment insurance	.53	Linen and bedding	
	and federal unemployment	.54	Cleaning supplies	
	insurance	.55	Office and administrative	
.18	Group health insurance		supplies	
.19	Pension and retirement - union	.56	• •	
.20	Worker's Compensation insurance		Instruments and minor medical	
	Pension and retirement - nonunion		equipment (nondepreciable)	
.22	Disability	.58	Minor nonmedical equipment (non-	
	Other employee benefits		depreciable)	
	Union health and welfare	.59	Other supplies and materials	
. 25	Employee Meal Allowance		control of production and the control of the contro	
			Purchased and Contracted Services	
	Fees			
		.61	Repairs and Maintenance-Purchased	
. 26	Administrative fees - long-term		Services-Nonassignable	
	debt	62	Medical - Purchased Services	
. 27		.63		
. 28	Therapists and others	.03	Services-Directly Assignable	
. 20	(nonphysicians)	.65		
	(nonphysicians)	.03	L'Alla Remeille Get Arces	

### ACCOUNT NUMBERING SYSTEM (cont'd)

.66	Collection services	.84	Telephone and telegraph
.67	Other purchased services	.85	Dues to Nursing Home Associations
	Contracted services	.86	Printing, duplicating, and microfilming
		.88	Travel, conferences and
	Depreciation, Rentals & Leases		workshops
		.89	Books, periodicals, etc.
.69	Depreciation and amortization	.91	
.70			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
.71	Rental or lease-buildings		
	Rental or lease-fixed equipment		Assessments
.73			<del></del>
		.92	Assessments from municipalities,
			religious, educational founda-
	Other Direct Expenses		tions or other associations
	•		
.74	Electricity		
.75	Gas		Transfers
. 7.6	Water and Sewer		
.77	Fuel Oil #2	.94	Transfers to other departments-
.78	Fuel Oil #4		labor
.79	Fuel Oil #6	.95	Transfers to other departments-
.80	Other utilities		supplies and other expenses
.81	Insurance	. 96	Transfers from other departments-
.82	Interest		labor
.83	Licenses and taxes (other than income taxes)	.97	Transfers from other departments- supplies and other expenses

### Seventh Digit- available for optional use.

This digit may be utilized by the home to provide a further detail of expenses which may be required for management purposes or to satisfy other State or Federal requirements. If this digit is used, the natural classification of expense would become a three-digit code. Specific examples of the use of this digit follow:

### ACCOUNT NUMBERING SYSTEM (cont'd)

### Current Natural Classification

Linen and Bedding	.53
Water and Sewer	. 76
Travel, conferences and workshops	.88

### Expanded Natural Classification

Linen and Bedding	.530
Linen	.531
Bedding	.532
Water and Sewer	.760
Water	.761
Sewer	.762
Travel, conferences and workshops	.880
Travel	.881
Conferences	.882
Workshops	.883

It should be noted that the first thru fourth digits are broken down by type of service as follows:

Description Patient service expenses	Account Nos.
Nursing and other professional service	6000 to 7999
Research	8000 to 8099
Education	. 8100 to 8199
General Services	8200 to 8299
Fiscal and Administrative Services	8300 to 8399
Other	8400 to 8499

It should be further noted that to assist in matching revenue and ex-

#### ACCOUNT NUMBERING SYSTEM (Cont'd)

pense, nursing and professional expense coding have the same second, third and fourth digits as their corresponding revenue centers. See the applicable accounts in Section B of this chapter.

#### Nonoperating Revenue and Expense

Nonoperating revenue and expense consists of amounts not related to the operations of the home. Therefore, these amounts are segregated from operations. The nonoperating revenue and expense coding reserves the first four digits. An explanation of the digits follows:

<u>First Digit</u> - indicates that it is either a nonoperating revenue or expense account.

0-8 - not used

9 - nonoperating revenue or expense

Second thru Fourth Digits - indicates the primary subclassification of accounts which is explained in detail in Sections B and C of this chapter.

			•		
FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD AND FOURTH DIGITS	FIFTH DIGIT	SIXTH DIGIT	SEVENTH DICIT
O Not Used 1 Asset 2 Liabilities and Equity	Fund	Primary Subclassification	Optional	Optional	Optional
3 Routine Service Revenue 4 Ancillary Service Revenue	Pri	Primary Subclassification	Financial Classification	Patient Service Gategory	Accommod at ion
5 Other Operating Income and Deductions from Revenue	Pri	Primary Subclassification	Optional Financial Classification	Optional Patient Service Category	Optional Optional
6 Patient 6 Service 7 Expense 8 Other Operating Expense	Pri	Primary	Nat. Exp Classif	Natural Expense Classification	Opt ional
9 Nonoperating Revenue and Expense		•	Optional	Optional	Optional