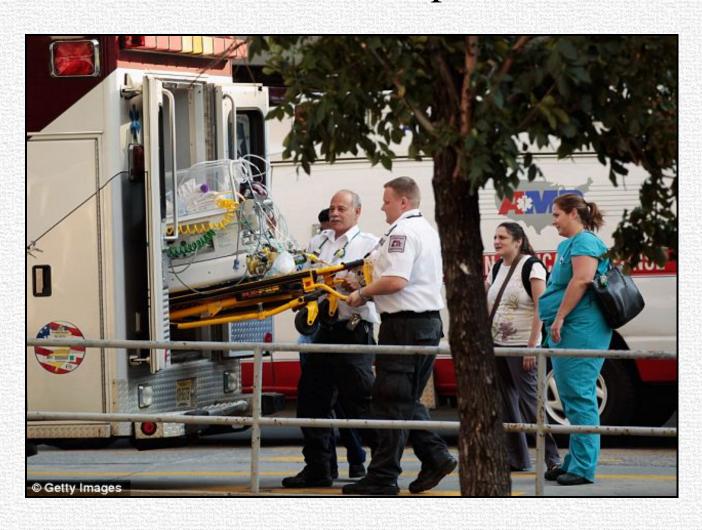
# **TALS**

### Hospitals, Nursing Homes & ACFs

Transportation Assistance Levels for Healthcare facilities 2014-2015

# In 2008 there was still a belief that this was the most often desired transport mode



# Just not enough....



### **Background**

- 1. Inception with the 2009 Evacuation Update Project
- Concerns with TALs were brought to the attention of NYSDOH Office of Emergency Preparedness (OHEP) in August 2010
- 3. NYSDOH Bureau of Emergency Medical Services (BEMS) began exploring the issue with OHEP that fall

# There was potential for 'color confusion' with the EMS SMART Tags

SMART Tags - for triage prior to transport

RED - Priority 1 – Urgent

YELLOW - Priority 2 - less urgent

GREEN – Priority 3 - Ambulatory & no urgency

#### **TALs**

RED - Must be transported supine - may be critical-3

YELLOW - non-ambulatory & able to sit for long period - (w/c) - 2

GREEN - able to walk unassisted with no risk of harm - 1

# Workgroup

- NYS Bureau of EMS
- New York State Office of Emergency Management
- NYS Office of Health Systems Management
- NYS Office of Health Emergency Preparedness (OHEP)
- Healthcare Association of New York State (HANYS)

Goal: Establish a practical, standardized statewide TAL system

# Focus group testing

- The Oneida County Health Emergency Response Plan Program provided rural, metropolitan& suburban population experience
- Purpose-To determine the practicality of the TALs revisions throughout the healthcare domains
- Scenarios-Patient cards were used for sorting of information into Transportation Assistant Levels
- Feedback focus-are the revised TALs practical?
- Yes!

Army National Guard in Owego on 9/9/11 after the waters began receding.

Army trucks were deployed to evacuate 70 nursing home residents.



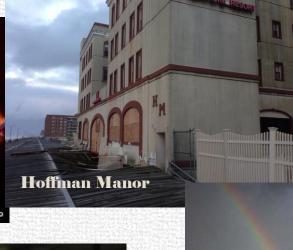
# Healthcare facility beds in New York State

Facility type	Number
Hospital	61,038
Nursing Home	117,522
Adult Care Facility	39,169
Total	217,169

# **Facility Evacuations during Sandy**









#### **Critical Success Factors**

- Categorize patients/residents using the TALs in advance
- Keep scale simple
- Use of icons not required...
- Each facility to operationalize use of the icons during exercises & planned evacuations as deemed feasible
- The TALs provide straightforward descriptions of an individual's transport requirements during a planned evacuation
- Maintain the core TAL categories

# **Project Scope**

- Keep the assessment scale simple to determine transportation needs.
- Provide a universally recognized hierarchy for transportation needs of patients/residents.
- This scale can be used both for planning & just in time re-assessment of patient/resident transportation needs.
- This hierarchy is not a clinical assessment tool or triage scale.
- Continuity of clinical care is an independent issue to be addressed concurrently with transportation modality determination.

#### Levels

# TALs can be useful for logistical planning and movement of resources (e.g. buses, vans, ambulances) during an evacuation

Patients/residents are categorized via one of three levels. Each level influences:

- the suggested number of staff needed to move the patient/resident
- the type of internal movement device required
- the loading area they are relocated to for a facility evacuation
- the type of external transportation asset required

# Levels

- There is a standard process established for quickly assessing and categorizing patients/residents by mobility level
- There is a standard process for identifying patients/residents being discharged in lieu of evacuation to an alternate facility



# Bed to staging area to transport







- TALs are used by healthcare professionals to assess the type of transportation resources needed during a planned evacuation.
- 2. This is especially useful in a region-wide evacuation.
- 3. TALs are not intended for use during an emergent situation such as a fire.

#### For use in healthcare facilities

- Easily recognizable universal symbols have been adopted.
- These symbols correspond to each TAL category.
- These symbols are not used in home care.



# **Issues surrounding Sandy**









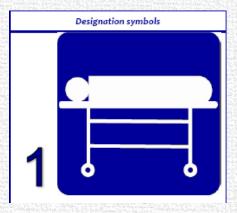




# The TALs

Т	ransportation Assistance Level	Staffing support	Transportation Asset	Accompaniment	Designation symbols
require stretcher  These patients/r a seated position not limited to oxy	esidents are clinically unable to be moved in n, and may require equipment including but ygen, mechanical ventilators, cardiac er biomedical devices to accompany them	Require clinical observation ranging from intermittent to 1:1 nursing. Critical cases or interrupted procedures may require a team of health care providers	Requires an ambulance or other specialized vehicle (e.g., helicopter medevac) for transport dependent on circumstance (e.g. high water)	Must be accompanied by one or more clinical provider(s) (e.g. EMT, paramedic, nurse, or physician) appropriate to their condition	1
for an extended  Those who are a medical condition resulting harm o prolonged perior medical equipme maintenance into	Wheelchair  cannot walk on their own but are able to sit period of time.  alert but unable to walk due to physical or n. They are stable, without any likelihood of r impairment from wheelchair transport or ds of sitting, and do not require attached ent or medical gas other than oxygen, a ravenous infusion, an indwelling catheter or a githeir relocation or evacuation.	Safely managed by a single non-clinical staff member or healthcare facility-designated person	May be transported as a group in a wheelchair appropriate vehicle (e.g., medical transport van or ambulette)	A single staff member or healthcare facility-designated person appropriate to the most acute patient/resident's condition while accompanying a group of patients/residents	2 5
Those who are a location to the dephysical assistar	Ambulatory  are able to walk on their own at a reasonable  able to walk the distance from their in-patient esignated relocation or loading area without nce, little supervision, and without any ulting harm or impairment	Escorted by staff members, but may be moved in groups led by a single non-clinical staff member or healthcare facility-designated person. The optimum staff-to-patient ratio is 1:5.	Can be transported as a larger group in a passenger vehicle (e.g., bus, transport van, or private auto)	A single staff member appropriate to the most acute patient/resident's condition while accompanying a group of patients/residents	3

Tran	sportation Assistance Level	Staffing support	Transportation Asset	Accompaniment		
1	Non-Ambulatory					
(e.g. require st These patients moved in a sea equipment inc mechanical ve	able to travel in a sitting position tretcher transport).  (residents are clinically unable to be ated position, and may require luding but not limited to oxygen, ntilators, cardiac monitors, or other vices to accompany them during	Require clinical observation ranging from intermittent to 1:1 nursing. Critical cases or interrupted procedures may require a team of health care providers	Requires an ambulance or other specialized vehicle (e.g., helicopter medevac) for transport dependent on circumstance (e.g. high water)	Must be accompanied by one or more clinical provider(s) (e.g. EMT, paramedic, nurse, or physician) appropriate to their condition		



2

#### Wheelchair

Individuals who cannot walk on their own but are able to sit for an extended period of time.

Those who are alert but unable to walk due to physical or medical condition. They are stable, without any likelihood of resulting harm or impairment from wheelchair transport or prolonged periods of sitting, and do not require attached medical equipment or medical gas other than oxygen, a maintenance intravenous infusion, an indwelling catheter or a PEG tube during their relocation or evacuation.

Safely managed by a single non-clinical staff member or healthcare facilitydesignated person May be transported as a group in a wheelchair appropriate vehicle (e.g., medical transport van or ambulette) A single staff member or healthcare facilitydesignated person appropriate to the most acute patient/resident's condition while accompanying a group of patients/residents



#### **Ambulatory**

Individuals who are able to walk on their own at a reasonable pace.

Those who are able to walk the distance from their in-patient location to the designated relocation or loading area without physical assistance, little supervision, and without any likelihood of resulting harm or impairment

Escorted by staff members, but may be moved in groups led by a single non-clinical staff member or healthcare facility-designated person. The optimum staff-to-patient ratio is 1:5.

Can be transported as a larger group in a passenger vehicle (e.g., bus, transport van, or private auto) A single staff member appropriate to the most acute patient/resident's condition while accompanying a group of patients/residents



# Why use the TALs?

- 1. To streamline & standardize the evacuation process
- 2. Especially useful in a region-wide event
- 3. Outside resources may be needed and drawn upon

#### Informational Outreach-2014-2015

#### The audience:

- 1. Hospitals
- 2. Nursing Homes
- 3. Adult Care Facilities

#### Also:

- New York State Department of Health
- 2. Health Emergency Preparedness Coalitions (HEPCs)
- 3. State Office of Emergency Management
- 4. County OEMs
- 5. County LHDs
- 6. EMS providers
- 7. NYC OEM
- 8. NYC Fire Department
- 9. NYC Department of Health & Mental Hygiene

#### The TALs Guidance Document

Content of this two page document:

- 1. Purpose
- 2. Principles
- 3. Objectives
- 4. Outline of the three levels

This document was provided with the IHANS notice as well as with the association notifications.

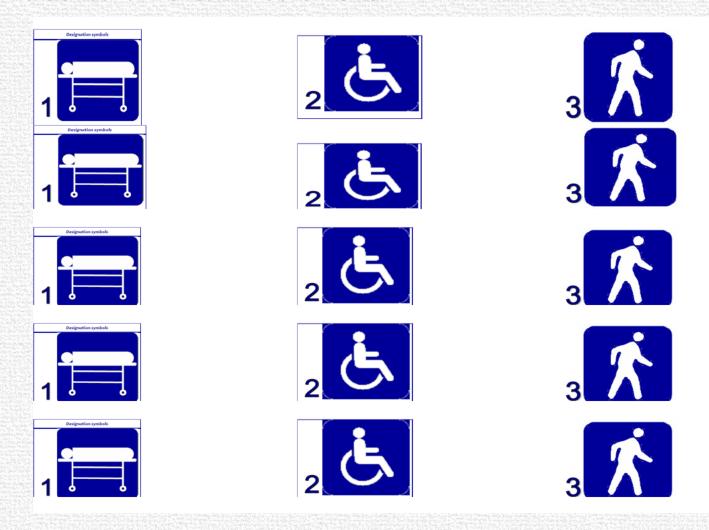
# Patient/Resident Evacuation Critical Information and Tracking Form

			Resid	lent Eva	cuation (	Critical Information a	nd	Tracking Fo	am
		Receiving Facility	Movem	ent Times		Place patient identity label or imp	print	or write here.	
			At Holding:			Name (last)		(first)	
_					Age Gender [] Male		гі	OOR: / /	
			Left Fac	Left Facility:					
_	_		Arrived Dest:			Primary Physician			Koom or Bed#
Resident Mobility Level Transportation Assistance Level		Minimum Staff to			Transport Vehicle		ans port Agency:	Unit/Vehicle #	
			Loading Area				Equipment / Items to Accompany Resident		
TAL		BEHAVIORAL HEALTH	clinical	Non- clinical				Oxygen	
TAL	1	NON-AMBULATORY	1	1	BLS Am	bulance		Suction	
		disputition paid ill	2	2	ALS Ambulance			Infusion Pump	
		1						Medications	
TAL	2	WHEELCHAIR	0	1	Wheelch	air Van / Ambulette		Critical Supplies	
		Æ					+		
		2.							
TAL	3	AMBULATORY	0	1:5	Transit/ S	School Bus			
		, <b>K</b>			Other Sp	ecify		Other Other	
		3						It or write here.  (first)  DOB:/  Room or Bed #  Trans port Agency: Unit/Vehicle #  Equipment / Items to Accompany Resident  Oxygen  Suction  Infusion Pump  Medications Critical Supplies  Medical Records Other  Other	

# Tracking Form, continued

ISOLATION STATUS		Contact	I			Airborne			
Advanced Directives	Name/Contact#			Interpreter Needed?	ASL	Language:			
DNR	DNI	Health Care	Health Care Proxy		Living Will	MOLST	Copy Encl	osed	
ALLERGIES	None	Latex			Other:				
MENTAL STATUS	Oriented	Alert			Lethargic	Mildly Confused	Severely Confused		
Behavior Problems / Safety Risk	None	Wanders	Wanders		Elopement Risk	Verbally Abusive	Physically Abusive		
Fall Risk	None	Low			High				
Restraint	Vest / Posey	Wrist/ Mitt			4 Point	Other	Date/ time Applied		
Special Requirements	Oxygen (mask) /pm	Oxygen (can	ınula	e)/pm	Suction	Seizure Precautions			
Transfers	Independent	Supervision		-/1	Partial Assist 1	Partial Assist 2	Total Assis	st	
Activities of Daily Livin									
Independent	Supervision				Partial Assist	Total Assist			
Continent	Incontinent Bowl				Incontinent Bladde	Other:			
Diet	Special				Consistency	Aspiration Precaution	ıs		
NPO	Regular:	Regular			Ground	Thickened	Pureed	Liqu	
Personal Assistive Device	ces With Resident								
None	Cane	Walker			Personal Wheelcha	ir	Glasses		
Dentures	Hearing Aid	Prosthesis T	ype:			Other:			
Notifications (name/date	/time) Family:				Private M	D:			
Last Action Prior to De	parture				•	Document time and find	lings		
Last Temperature:	Last Heart Rate:	Last Blood Pres	sure:		Last Accu-Check: Last Breath Sounds:				
Last Medication Given(n	ame/dose/route/time):				Last Meal (food/date/ti	me):			
Next Medication / Inter	vention Needed				None Until:				
Name	Day/ Time Needed	v/ Time Needed Administered?			By	Date	Time		
	•	Yes		No	-				
		Yes		No					
		Yes		No					
Notes During Transit		-		D	ocument all care given or stat	us updates Use other side if	needed		
Time					Note				
								_	
I									

### For use with blank stickers





TALs will be incorporated into exercises

# **Questions?**



#### Contact information

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