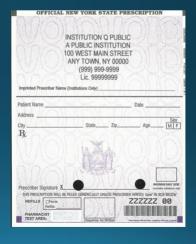
NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU MARCOTIC ENFORCEMENT

Electronic Prescribing

New York State Health Facilities Association

Official Prescription Program

- NY issues forge-proof official prescription forms to all registered practitioners within the State
- Contain a number of security features
- Serial numbers can be tracked
- From 2006-2013 issued ~1.4 B prescription forms
- At a cost of \$78.7 M



Prescription Drug Reform Act 2012

Part A:	I-STOP	
Part B:	Electronic Prescribing	
Part C:	Controlled Substance Schedule Changes	
Part D:	3309 Work Group	
Part E:	Safe Disposal Program	

Electronic Prescribing -Defined

A prescription issued with an electronic signature and transmitted by electronic means in accordance with regulations of the commissioner and the commissioner of education and consistent with federal requirements.

A prescription generated on an electronic system that is printed out or transmitted via facsimile is not considered an electronic prescription and must be manually signed.

Public Health Law §3302

Electronic Prescribing -Defined

Mandatory Electronic Prescribing Effective March 27, 2015

Electronic prescribing is a paperless process.

A prescription generated on an electronic system that is printed out to the Official New York State Prescription form or faxed is **NOT** an electronic prescription.

http://www.health.ny.gov/professionals/narcotic/electronic_prescribing/

Why Electronic Prescribing?



- Next step in medical technology
- Curtail forged and counterfeit prescriptions
- Reduce medication errors associated with bad handwriting
- Improved workflow

Electronic Prescribing



•Non-controlled Substances

Controlled Substances

Electronic Prescribing for Controlled Substances (EPCS)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Rule Overview

EPCS—DEA Rule Background

Federal DEA Rule

- Effective June 1, 2010, allows for electronic prescribing of controlled substances
- http://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/fed_regs/rules/2010/fr0331.pdf



EPCS—DEA Rule Background

- 21CFR Part 1300 Definitions and 21CFR 1311 Requirements for Electronic Orders & Prescriptions
- Provides practitioners with the *option* of signing and transmitting prescriptions for controlled substances electronically
- Permits pharmacies to receive, dispense and archive electronic prescriptions
- Maintains a closed system for controlled substance prescribing and dispensing through rigorous security requirements and audit trails

• CII-V can be prescribed electronically

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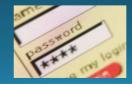
EPCS—**Practitioner Requirements**

- Identity-proofing the process by which a credential service provider or certification authority validates sufficient information to uniquely identify a person
- Obtain and use a <u>two factor authentication</u> credential
 - Something you have (token)
 - Something you know (password, PIN)
 - Something you are (biometric)

EPCS—Practitioner Requirements

- Use a <u>certified application</u> (software) that records, stores and transmits information required under Sections 1311 and 1306 of 21 CFR
- Safeguard credentials

Ensures prescription integrity and non-repudiation



EPCS—Practitioner Requirements

Logical Access Controls

- <u>Access</u> is the ablity to do something with a computer resource
- <u>Logical access controls</u> are set to provide access to e-prescribing applications
- Requires verification that DEA registration and State authorization to practice are current and in good standing
- Grants permission to sign electronic prescriptions on the computer application

EPCS—DEA Rule Institutional Practitioner

21 CFR Part 1311

• Section 1311.110 Requirements for obtaining an authentication credential—Individual practitioners eligible to use an electronic prescription application of an institutional practitioner

 Allows for an entity within a DEA-registered institution that grants an individual practitioner privileges at the institution (e.g., a hospital credentialing office) to conduct identity proofing and authorize the issuance of the authentication credential

 Section 1311.130 Requirements for establishing logical access control—Institutional practitioner

 Must develop a list of individual practitioners who are permitted to use the institution's electronic prescription application

EPCS—Transmission

- EPCS application must transmit the electronic prescription as soon as possible after signature by the practitioner
- Electronic prescription may be printed only if practitioner has been notified of transmission failure
- Printed version must contain information relating to original electronic transmission failure

EPCS—Transmission

- Copies of EPCS transmitted prescription must state "Copy only—not valid for dispensing."
- EPCS application must not allow for electronic transmission if original was printed prior to electronic transmission
- At no time may an intermediary convert the electronic prescription to another form (e.g., facsimile) for transmission

EPCS—Pharmacy Application Requirements

- Must meet DEA's requirements
- May only process controlled substance prescriptions using a certified pharmacy application
- Application must be able to set access controls
- Application must be able to import, store and display prescription requirements and verify the practitioner's digital signature
- Application must allow for pharmacist annotations and be maintained electronically

EPCS—Pharmacy Application Requirements

- Must be capable of retrieving controlled substance prescriptions by practitioner name, patient name, drug name and date dispensed
- Must allow downloading of prescription data into a database or spreadsheet that is readable and sortable
- Must maintain an audit trail of a number of actions (e.g., receipt annotation, alteration, changes in logical access)
- Must conduct internal audits and protect records
- Retain archived records electronically

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Electronic Prescribing NYS Regulations

- •NYS Regulations now allow for electronic prescribing of controlled substances (EPCS) effective March 27, 2013.
- •Electronic prescribing of controlled and non-controlled substances becomes mandatory for all practitioners as of March 27, 2015.

Electronic Prescribing NYS Regulations

10 NYCRR Part 80--Adopted March 27, 2013
80.1, 80.63, 80.64, 80.67, 80.68, 80.69, 80.70, 80.73, 80.74, 80.75, 80.77, 80.78, 80.84, 80.100, 80.106, 80.125

 Electronic Prescribing of Controlled Substances is permissive now



Electronic Prescribing NYS Regulations

- Mandatory for non-controlled substances and for controlled substances effective March 27, 2015
- Additional information pertaining to electronic prescribing of *non-controlled substances* is available on the NYSED Office of the Professions Website

EPCS—NYS Regulations

- Authorizes a practitioner to issue an electronic prescription in Schedules II-V
- Authorizes a pharmacist to annotate, dispense, endorse and electronically archive electronic prescriptions for controlled substances

EPCS—NYS Regulations

Requires all <u>practitioners and</u> <u>pharmacists</u> engaging in electronic prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances to utilize computer applications that meet federal security requirements and to **register** such computer applications with the NYS DOH/BNE

EPCS—NYS Regulations

- Registering Certified Application with BNE
 - Forms are available on BNE webpage
 - Contact BNE, forms to be completed will be provided
 - Ultimately—online registration process
- Once Registration Form is Received by BNE
 - About one week to process
 - Registrant will receive an email advising that application has been registered with NYS

Electronic Prescribing Exceptions

- Technological or electrical failure;
- Use of EP would impact the patient's medical condition (up to 5 day supply for controlled substances);
- Prescriptions issued by a practitioner to be dispensed outside of New York State;
- Veterinarians;
- Practitioners who have received a waiver from the Department of Health.

Electronic Prescribing Waivers

- Practitioners may apply for a waiver from the requirement to electronically prescribe controlled substances.
- Waivers will be granted upon a proper showing of economic hardship, technological limitations outside of the practitioner's control or other exceptional circumstances.
- By statute, waivers are good for one year, after which a practitioner may apply for a renewal.

EPCS—NYS Regulations

- Proper safeguarding of credentials
- Recordkeeping—5 years
- Records must be readily retrievable

EPCS—NYS Regulations

• Fax does not equate to electronic

• For Pharmacies: Oral prescriptions may be reduced to electronic memorandum

What's Next?

• Read the DEA Rule

- Contact your software vendor to determine if the software meets federal security requirements (including a DEA certification or third party audit)
- If an institution: understand the federal rules associated with credentialing and logical access
- If a pharmacy: ensure that your software meets federal security requirements and that you are submitting controlled substance data to BNE in ASAP 4.2 standard
- For practitioners, pharmacies and institutions—ensure that your certified software is **registered** with BNE
- Check BNE's website often for more information

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EPCS—Take Aways

- Permissive now--Mandated for ALL prescriptions March 27, 2015
- Practitioners and pharmacists are required to use a certified application
- Certified application must be **registered** with BNE
- If the prescription starts electronically, it remains
 electronic
- Fax does not equate to electronic
- Current practitioner applications probably do not meet the requirements for EPCS

Regulations

- Federal Rule Electronic Prescriptions for Controlled Substances
- <u>http://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/fed_regs/rules/2010/fr03</u>
 <u>31.pdf</u>

10 NYCRR Part 80 Rules

- <u>http://www.health.ny.gov/professionals/narcotic/electronic</u> <u>prescribing/</u>
- Click on the link to <u>New York State Regulations related to</u> <u>Electronic Prescribing of Controlled Substances</u>

Other Resources

 State Education Department Office of the Professions

<u>http://www.op.nysed.gov/prof/</u>

Bureau of Narcotic Enforcement

www.nyhealth.gov/professionals/narcotic

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